

Successfully hosted collaborative masterclass titled

# THE OOCYTE

## TOO FEW... TOO MANY



**Dr. Ameet Patki**

(President, ISAR)

### Topic

OHSS: Diagnosis,  
Prevention, & Management

### Key Highlights

- Highlighted strategies for identifying high-risk patients and employing low-risk treatment protocols to minimize OHSS incidence.
- Discusses various risk factors for OHSS, including excessive ovarian response, younger age, low BMI, high gonadotropin doses, and elevated AMH levels. Emphasizes the need for individualized treatment plans based on these risk factors.
- Different stimulation protocols are outlined to reduce the risk of OHSS, such as using GnRH antagonists instead of agonists, administering lower doses of hCG, and employing rLH for triggering ovulation.
- Specific measures for preventing OHSS in individual cases are discussed, including coasting, cycle cancellation, intravenous albumin, and the use of metformin in PCOS patients.
- Various adjuvant therapies and treatment options like fluid resuscitation, prophylactic anticoagulation, paracentesis, and the use of corticosteroids and dopamine agonists are effective in managing PCOS cases.

Click here to watch full Recording

[https://drive.google.com/file/d/1IQwladmKMrQR5oVvi3Ci7vMYsFqWeGSF/view?usp=drive\\_link](https://drive.google.com/file/d/1IQwladmKMrQR5oVvi3Ci7vMYsFqWeGSF/view?usp=drive_link)

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